Access the full copy of the academic standards at: <a href="http://education.state.mn.us/MDE/Academic Excellence/Academic Standards/Language Arts/index.html">http://education.state.mn.us/MDE/Academic Excellence/Academic Standards/Language Arts/index.html</a>

#### MINNESOTA ACADEMIC STANDARDS: Anchor Standard - Reading 1

Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade	Literature	Informational
K	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details
	in a text.	in a text.
1	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.
2	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why and how	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why and how
	to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.	to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
3	Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text,	Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text,
	referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.	referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.
4	Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says	Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says
	explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
5	Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly	Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly
	and when drawing inferences from the text.	and when drawing inferences from the text.
6	Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as	Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as
	well as inferences drawn from the text.	well as inferences drawn from the text.
7	Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text	Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text
	says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
8	Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what	Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what
	the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
9-10	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the
	text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
11-12	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the
	text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including	text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including
	determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Grade	Literature	Informational
K	With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details.	With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.
1	Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson.	Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.
2	Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their central message, lesson or moral.	Identify the main topic of a multiparagraph text as well as the focus of specific paragraphs within the text.
3	Recount stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central message, lesson or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in the text.	Determine the main ideas of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.
4	Determine the theme of a story, drama or poem from details in the text; summarize the text.	Determine the main ideas of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.
5	Determine the theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text, including how characters in a story or drama respond to challenges or how the speaker in a poem reflects upon a topic; summarize the text.	Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text.
6	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.	Determine the central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
7	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of a text; provide an objective summary of the text.	Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.
8	Determine a theme or central idea of a text, <b>including those by and about Minnesota American Indians</b> , and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.
9-10	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.	Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.
11-12	Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.	Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

Analyze how and why individual events and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Grade	Literature	Informational
K	With prompting and support, identify characters, setting and major	With prompting and support, describe the connection between two
	events in a story.	individuals, events, ideas or pieces of information in a text.
1	Describe characters, setting and major events in a story, using key details.	Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas or pieces
		of information in a text.
2	Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and	Describe the connection between a series of historical events, scientific
	challenges.	ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text.
3	Describe how characters in a story (e.g. their traits, motivations, or	Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific
	feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the sequence of	ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language
	events.	that pertains to time, sequence and cause/effect.
4	Describe in depth a character, setting, or events in a story or drama,	Explain events, procedures, ideas or concepts in a historical, scientific or
	drawing on specific details in the text (e.g. a character's thoughts, words	technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific
	or actions).	information in the text.
5	Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings or events in a	Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individual
	story of drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g. how characters	events, ideas or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based
	interact).	on specific information in the text.
6	Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot unfolds in a series of	Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced,
	episodes as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot	illustrated and elaborated in a text (e.g. through examples or anecdotes).
	moves toward a resolution.	
7	Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g. how	Analyze the interactions between individuals, events and ideas in a text
	setting shapes the characters or plot).	(e.g. how ideas influence individuals or events, or how individuals influence
		ideas or events).
8	Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama	Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between
	propel the action, reveal aspects of a character or provoke a decision.	individuals, ideas or events (e.g. through comparisons, analogies, or
0.10		categories).
9-10	Analyze how complex characters (e.g. those with multiple or conflicting	Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events,
	motivations) develop of the course of a text, interact with other	including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced
44.43	characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.	and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.
11-12	Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and	Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how
	relate elements of a story or drama (e.g. where a story is set, how the	specific individuals, ideas or events interact and develop over the course of
	action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	a text.

Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade	Literature	Informational
K	Ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.
1	Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses.	Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.
2	Describe how words and phrases (e.g. regular beats, alliteration, rhymes, repeated lines) supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem or song.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a <i>grade 2</i> topic or subject area.
3	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from nonliteral language, including figurative language such as similes.	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 3 topic or subject area.
4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including those that allude to significant characters found in mythology (e.g. Herculean).	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words or phrases in a text relevant to a <i>grade 4 topic or subject area</i> .
5	Determine the meaning of words or phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors and similes.	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a <i>grade 5 topic or subject area</i> .
6	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings.
7	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g. alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.
8	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone, including analogies and allusions to other texts.
9-10	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g. how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone).	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g. how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper).
11-12	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging or beautiful. (Including Shakespeare as well as other authors.)	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g. how Madison defines <i>faction</i> in <i>Federalist</i> No. 10).

Analyze the structure of text, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g. a section, chapter, scene or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Grade	Literature	Informational
K	Recognize common types of text (e.g. storybooks, poems).	Identify the front cover, back cover and title page of a book.
1	Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.	Know and use various text features (e.g. headings, table of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.
2	Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how the beginning introduces the story and the ending concludes the action.	Know and use various text features (e.g. captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently.
3	Refer to parts of stories, dramas and poems when writing or speaking about a text, using terms such as chapter, scene and stanza; describe how each successive part builds on earlier sections.	Use text features and search tools (e.g. key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information relevant to a given topic efficiently.
4	Explain major differences between poems, dramas and prose, and refer to the structural elements of poems (e.g. verse, rhythm, meter) and drama (e.g. casts of characters, settings, descriptions, dialogue, stage directions) when writing or speaking about a text.	Describe the overall structure (e.g. chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in a text or part of a text.
5	Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem.	Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g. chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts.
6	Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting or plot.	Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas.
7	Analyze how a drama's or poem's form of structure (e.g. soliloquy, sonnet) contributes to its meaning.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas.
8	Compare and contrast the structure of two or more texts and analyze how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning and style.	Analyze in detail the structure of a specific paragraph in a text, including the role of particular sentences, in developing and refining a key concept.
9-10	Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g. parallel plots) and manipulate time (e.g. pacing, flashbacks) create such effects as mystery, tension, or surprise.	Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs or larger portions of a text (e.g. a section or chapter).
11-12	Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g. the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.	Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, include whether the structure makes points clear, convincing and engaging.

Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Grade	Literature	Informational
K	With prompting and support, name the author and illustrator of a story	Name the author and illustrator of a text and define the role of each in
	and define the roles of each in telling a story.	presenting the ideas or information in a text.
1	Identify who is telling the story at various points in a text.	Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations
		and information provided by the words of a text.
2	Acknowledge differences in the points of view of characters, including by	Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to
	speaking in a different voice for each character when reading dialogue aloud.	answer, explain or describe.
3	Distinguish their own point of view from that of the narrator or those of the characters.	Distinguish their own point of view from that of the author of a text.
4	Compare and contrast the point of view from which different stories are	Compare and contrast a firsthand and secondhand account, including
	narrated, including the difference between first- and third-person	those by or about Minnesota American Indians, of the same event or
	narrations.	topic; describe the differences in focus and the information provided.
5	Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how	Analyze multiple accounts <b>by various cultures</b> of the same event or topic,
	events are described.	noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they
		represent.
6	Explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or	Determine the author's point of view of purpose in a text and explain how
	speaker in a text, including those by or about Minnesota American	it is conveyed in the text.
	Indians.	
7	Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how
	different characters or narrators in a text, <b>including those from diverse</b>	the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.
_	cultures.	
8	Analyze how differences in the points of view of the characters and the	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how
	audience or reader (e.g. created through the use of dramatic irony) create	the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or
0.40	such effects as suspense or humor.	viewpoints.
9-10	Analyze a particular point of view of cultural experience reflected in a	Determine an author's point of view of purpose in a text and analyze how
	work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide	an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view of purpose.
11 12	range of reading of world literature.	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the
11-12	Analyze a case in which grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g. satire,	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content
	sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.
	sarcasin, irony, or universtatements.	contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.

Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Grade	Literature	Informational
K	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations
	and the story in which they appear (e.g. what moment in a story an	and the text in which they appear (e.g. what person, place, thing or idea in the
	illustration depicts).	text an illustration depicts).
1	Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting or	Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas.
	events.	
2	Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a print or digital	Explain how specific images (e.g. a diagram showing how a machine works)
	text to demonstrate understanding of its characters, setting or plot.	contribute to and clarify a text.
3	Explain how specific aspects of a text's illustrations contribute to what is	Use information gained from illustrations (e.g. maps, photographs) and the
	conveyed by the words in a story (e.g. create mood, emphasize aspects of a	words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g. where, when,
	character or setting).	why and how key events occurred).
4	Make connections between the text of a story or drama and a visual or oral	Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively, (e.g. in
	presentation of the text, identifying where each version reflect specific	charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on
	descriptions or directions in the text.	Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding
		of the text in which it appears.
5	Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning,	Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the
	tone or beauty of a text (e.g. graphic novel, multimedia presentation of	ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem
	fiction, folktale, myth, poem).	efficiently.
6	Compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to	Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g. visually,
	listening to or viewing an audio, video or live version of the text, including	quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a
	contrasting what they "see" and "hear" when reading the text to what they	topic or issue.
	perceive when they listen or watch.	
7	Compare and contrast a written story, drama or poem to its audio, filmed,	Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video or multimedia version of a
	staged, or multimedia version, analyzing the effects of techniques unique to	text, analyzing each medium's portrayal of the subject (e.g. how the delivery
	each medium (e.g. lighting, sound, color, or camera focus and angles in film).	of a speech affects the impact of the words).
8	Analyze the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama	Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g.
	stays faithful to or departs from the text or script, evaluating the choices	print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.
	made by the director or actors.	
9-10	Analyze the representation of a subject or key scene in two different artistic	Analyze various accounts of a subject told in different media (e.g. a person's
	mediums, including what is emphasized or absent in each treatment (e.g.	life story in both print and multimedia), determining which details are
	Auden's "Musée des Beaux Arts" and Breughel's Landscape with the Fall of	emphasized in each account.
44.15	Icarus).	
11-12	Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama or poem (e.g. recorded or	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different
	live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each	media or formats (e.g. visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to
	version interprets the source text. (Include at least one play by Shakespeare	address a question or solve a problem.
	and one play by an American dramatist.)	

Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

Grade	Literature	Informational
K	(Not applicable to literature)	With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.
1	(Not applicable to literature)	Identify the reasons an author give to support points in a text.
2	(Not applicable to literature)	Describe how reasons support specific points the author makes in a text.
3	(Not applicable to literature)	Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g. comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).
4	(Not applicable to literature)	Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text.
5	(Not applicable to literature)	Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point (s).
6	(Not applicable to literature)	Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.
7	(Not applicable to literature)	Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claim.
8	(Not applicable to literature)	Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognizing the irrelevant evidence is introduced.
9-10	(Not applicable to literature)	Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning.
11-12	(Not applicable to literature)	Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g. In U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and argument in works of public advocacy (e.g. <i>The Federalist</i> , presidential addresses).

Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

Grade	Literature	Informational
K	With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and	With prompting and support, identify basic similarities in and differences between
	experiences of characters in familiar stories.	two texts on the same topic (e.g. in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).
1	Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories.	Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic
		(e.g. in illustrations, descriptions or procedures).
2	Compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story (e.g. Cinderella	Compare and contrast the most important points presented by two texts on the
	stories) by different authors or from different cultures including those by or	same topic.
	about Minnesota American Indians.	
3	Compare and contrast the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the	Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two
	same author about the same or similar characters (e.g. in books from a series).	texts on the same topic.
4	Compare and contrast the treatment of similar themes and topics (e.g.	Integrate information from two texts on the same topic in order to write or speak
	opposition of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g. the quest) in stories,	about the subject knowledgeably.
	myths and traditional literature from different cultures, including American	
	Indian.	
5	Compare and contrast stories in the same genre (e.g. mysteries and adventure	Integrate information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or
	stories) on their approaches to similar themes or topics.	speak about the subject knowledgeably.
6	Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres including those by and	Compare and contrast one author's presentation of events, including events
	<b>about Minnesota American Indians</b> (e.g. stories and poems; historical novels and	related to Minnesota American Indians, with that of another (e.g. a memoir
	fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.	written by and a biography on the same person).
7	Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal, including those in stories, poems,	Analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic <b>including topics</b>
	and historical novels of Minnesota American Indians, of a time, place, or	about Minnesota American Indians; shape their presentations of key information
	character and a historical account of the same period as a means of	by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts.
	understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.	
8	Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or	Analyze a case in which two or more texts, including one text by or about
	character types from myths, traditional stories, <b>including stories</b> , <b>poems</b> , and	Minnesota American Indians or other diverse cultures, provide conflicting
	historical novels of Minnesota American Indians, or religious works such as the	information on the same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of
	Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new.	fact or interpretation.
9-10	Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific	Analyze seminal U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (e.g.
	work (e.g. how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or	Washington's Farewell Address, the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt's Four
	how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare or how a Minnesota	Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from Birmingham Jail and other documents such
	American Indian author uses oral tradition to create works of literature).	as those written by Sojourner Truth, Chief Seattle, and Elizabeth Cady Stanton),
11.15		including how they address related themes or concepts.
11-12	Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth-, and early twentieth-	Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S.
	century foundational works of American literature, including American Indian	documents of historical and literary significance (including the Declaration of
	and other diverse cultures' text and how two or more texts from the same	Independence, the Preamble of the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's
	period treat similar themes or topics.	Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.

Read and comprehend complex literary and informational text independently and proficiently.

Grade	Literature	Informational
К	Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding, including the appropriate selection of texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks.	Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding, including the appropriate selection of texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks.
1	With prompting and support, read prose and poetry of appropriate complexity for grade 1 as well as select texts for personal enjoyment, interest, and academic tasks.	With prompting and support, read informational text appropriately complex for grade 1 as well as select texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks.
2	By the end of the year, <b>select</b> , read and comprehend literature, including stories and poetry <b>for personal enjoyment</b> , <b>interest</b> , <b>and academic tasks</b> , in the grades 2-3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	By the end of the year, <b>select</b> , read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 2-3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range <b>for personal interest</b> , <b>enjoyment and academic tasks</b> .
3	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature and other texts, including stories, dramas and poetry, at the high end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest, and academic tasks.	By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest, and academic tasks.
4	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, <b>and other texts</b> including stories, dramas and poetry, in the grades 4-5 text complexity band proficiently <b>and independently with</b> scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science and technical texts, in the grades 4-5 text complexity band <b>independently</b> and proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
5	a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest, and academic tasks.  By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature and other texts including stories, dramas and poetry, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest, and academic tasks.	a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest, and academic tasks.  By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest, and academic tasks.
6	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature and other texts including stories, dramas and poetry, in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently and independently with appropriate scaffolding for texts as needed at the high end of the range.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks.  b. Read widely to understand multiple perspectives and pluralistic viewpoints.	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6-8 text complexity range proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks.
7	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature and other texts including stories, dramas and poetry, in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently and independently with appropriate scaffolding for texts as needed at the high end of the range.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks.  b. Read widely to understand multiple perspectives and pluralistic viewpoints.	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6-8 text complexity range proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks.

8	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature and other texts including stories, dramas and poetry, in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently and independently with appropriate scaffolding for texts at the high end of the range.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks. b. Read widely to understand multiple perspectives and pluralistic viewpoints.	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks.
9-10	By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literature and other texts including stories, dramas and poetry, in the grades 9-10 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks.  b. Read widely to understand multiple perspectives and pluralistic	By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the Grades 9-10 text complexity range proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.  By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end
	viewpoints.  By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literature and other texts, including stories, dramas and poetry, at the high end of the grades 9-10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks.  b. Read widely to understand multiple perspectives and pluralistic viewpoints.	of the grades 9-10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks.
11-12	By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature and other texts including stories, dramas and poetry, in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks.	By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11-CCR text complexity range proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
	b. Read widely to understand multiple perspectives and pluralistic viewpoints.  By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literature and other texts including stories, dramas and poetry, at the high end of the grades 11-CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks.  b. Read widely to understand multiple perspectives and pluralistic viewpoints.	By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 11-CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.  a. Self-select texts for personal enjoyment, interest and academic tasks.

#### MINNESOTA ACADEMIC STANDARDS: Foundational Skills

Grade	Print Concepts	Phonological Awareness
К	<ol> <li>Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print.</li> <li>a. Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page.</li> <li>b. Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters.</li> <li>c. Understand that words are separated by spaces in print.</li> <li>d. Recognize and name all upper- and lowercase letters of the alphabet.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>2. Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).</li> <li>a. Recognize and produce rhyming words.</li> <li>b. Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.</li> <li>c. Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words.</li> <li>d. Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words. (This does not include CVCs ending with /I/, /r/, or /x/.)</li> <li>e. Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new words.</li> </ul>
1	<ol> <li>Demonstrate understanding of the organization &amp; basic features of print.</li> <li>Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, &amp; sounds (phonemes).</li> <li>Distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words.</li> <li>Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including</li> <li>Consonant blends.</li> <li>Isolate &amp; pronounce initial, medial vowel, &amp; final sounds (phonemes) in spoken</li> <li>Single-syllable words.</li> <li>Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes).</li> </ol>

#### MINNESOTA ACADEMIC STANDARDS: Foundational Skills

Grade	Phonics and Word Recognition
K	3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
	a. Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary or many of the most frequent sounds for
	each consonant.
	b. Associate the long and short sounds with common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels.
	c. Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does).
	d. Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ.
1	3. Know & apply grade-level phonics & word analysis skills in decoding words.
	a. Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs, & initial & final consonant blends.
	b. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.
	c. Know final -e & common vowel team conventions for re-presenting long vowel sounds.
	d. Use knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.
	e. Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables.
	f. Read words with inflectional endings.
	g. Recognize & read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words, including high- frequency words.
2	3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
	a. Distinguish long and short vowels when reading regularly spelled one-syllable words.
	b. Know spelling-sound correspondences for additional common vowel teams.
	c. Decode regularly spelled two-syllable words with long vowels.
	d. Decode words with common prefixes and suffixes.
	e. Identify words with inconsistent but common spelling-sound correspondences.
	f. Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words, including high-frequency words.
3	3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
	a. Identify and know the meaning of the most common prefixes and derivational suffixes.
	b. Decode words with common Latin suffixes.
	c. Decode multisyllable words.
	d. Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words, including high-frequency words.
4	3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
	a. Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately
	unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.
5	3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
	a. Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read
	accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.

#### MINNESOTA ACADEMIC STANDARDS: Foundational Skills

Grade	Fluency
K	4. Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding.
1	4. Read with sufficient accuracy & fluency to support comprehension.
	a. Read grade-level text with purpose & understanding to promote oral & silent reading fluency.
	b. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, & expression on successive readings.
	c. Use context & other cues (e.g., phonics, word recognition skills, prior knowledge) to confirm or self-correct word recognition & understanding,
	rereading as necessary.
2	4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
	a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding to promote oral and silent reading fluency.
	b. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
	c. Use context and other cues (e.g., phonics, word recognition skills, prior knowledge) to confirm or self-correct word recognition and
	understanding, rereading as necessary.
3	4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
	a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
	b. Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
	c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding rereading as necessary
4	4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
	a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
	b. Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
	c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.
5	4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
	a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
	b. Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
	c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning, and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade	Writing
K	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they
	are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., My favorite book is)
1	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, &
	provide some sense of closure
2	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion,
	use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section.
3	Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons.
	a. Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons.
	b. Provide reasons that support the opinion.
	c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons.
	d. Provide a concluding statement or section.
4	Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.
	a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the
	writer's purpose.
	b. Provide reasons that are supported by facts and details.
	c. Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in addition).
	d. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.
5	Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.
	a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the
	writer's purpose.
	b. Provide logically ordered reasons that are supported by facts and details.
	c. Link opinion and reasons using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., consequently, specifically).
	d. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.
6	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
	a. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly.
	b. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons.
	d. Establish and maintain a formal style.
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented.

7	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
	a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
	b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic
	or text.
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence.
	d. Establish and maintain a formal style.
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
8	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
	a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
	b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic
	or text.
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
	d. Establish and maintain a formal style.
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
9-10	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
	a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear
	relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
	b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that
	anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and
	reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
	d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are
	writing.
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
11-12	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
	a. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims,
	and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
	b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and
	limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships
	between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
	d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are
	writing.
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

Write informative/ explanatory texts to examine & convey complex ideas & information clearly & accurately through the effective selection, organization, & analysis of content.

Grade	Writing
K	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some
	information about the topic.
1	Write informative/ explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, & provide some sense of closure.
2	Write informative/ explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section.
3	Write informative /explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
	a. Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details.
	c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information.
	d. Provide a concluding statement or section.
4	Write informative /explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
	a. Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when
	useful to aiding comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.
	c. Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for example, also, because).
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented.
5	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
	a. Introduce a topic clearly, provide a general observation and focus, and group related information logically; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and
	multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.
	c. Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases, and clauses (e.g., in contrast, especially).
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented.
6	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant
	content.
	a. Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
	<ul><li>c. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.</li><li>d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.</li></ul>
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style.
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.
	1. Fromue a concluding statement of section that follows from the information of explanation presented.

7	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant
	content.
	a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification,
	comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
	c. Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style.
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.
8	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant
	content.
	a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories, include formatting (e.g., headings),
	graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful on aiding comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
	c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style.
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.
9-10	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection,
	organization, and analysis of content.
	a. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings),
	graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples
	appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
	c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic.
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the
	significance of the topic).
11-12	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection,
	organization, and analysis of content.
	a. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole;
	include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and
	examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
	c. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas
	and concepts.
	d. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the
	significance of the topic).

Write narratives & **other creative texts** to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, & well-structured event sequences.

Grade	Writing
K	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in
	which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.
1	Write narratives & other creative texts in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what
	happened, use temporal words to signal event order, & provide some sense of closure.
2	Write narratives and other creative texts in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe
	actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.
3	Write narratives and other creative texts to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear
	event sequences.
	a. Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
	b. Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to
	situations.
	c. Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order.
	d. Provide a sense of closure.
4	Write narratives and other creative texts to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear
	event sequences.
	a. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
	b. Use dialogue and description to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
	c. Use a variety of transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events.
	d. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
	e. Provide a conclusion (when appropriate to the genre) that follows from the narrated experiences or events
5	Write narratives and other creative texts to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear
	event sequences.
	a. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
	b. Use <b>literary and</b> narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing to develop experiences and events or show the responses of
	characters to situations.
	c. Use a variety of transitional words and phrases and clauses to manage the sequence of events.
	d. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
	e. Provide a conclusion (when appropriate to the genre) that follows from the narrated experiences or events.

- Write narratives **and other creative texts** to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
  - a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
  - b. Use **literary and** narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, **rhythm** and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
  - c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.
  - d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, figurative and sensory language to convey experiences and events.
  - e. Provide a conclusion (when appropriate to the genre) that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
- Write narratives **and other creative texts** to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
  - a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
  - b. Use **literary and** narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, **rhythm, rhyme**, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
  - c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.
  - d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, **figurative** and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.
  - e. Provide a conclusion (when appropriate to the genre) that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.
- Write narratives **and other creative texts** to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
  - a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
  - b. Use **literary and** narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, **rhythm, repetition, rhyme,** and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
  - c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another, and show the relationships among experiences and events.
  - d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, **figurative** and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.
  - e. Provide a conclusion (when appropriate to the genre) that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.

- 9-10 Write narratives **and other creative texts** develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
  - a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
  - b. Use **literary and** narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, **rhythm**, **repetition**, **rhyme**, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
  - c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole.
  - d. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, **figurative and** sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
  - e. Provide a conclusion (when appropriate to the genre) that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative or creative text.
- 11-12 Write narratives **and other creative texts** to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
  - a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
  - b. Use **literary and** narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, **rhythm, repetition, rhyme,** description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
  - c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).
  - d. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, **figurative and** sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
  - e. Provide a conclusion (when appropriate to the genre) that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative or creative text.

Produce clear & coherent writing in which the development, organization, & style are appropriate to task, purpose, & audience.

Grade	Writing
K	(Begins in grade 3)
1	(Begins in grade 3)
2	(Begins in grade 3)
3	With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3.)
4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3.)
5	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3.)
6	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
7	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
8	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
9-10	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
11-12	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)

Use a writing process to develop & strengthen writing as needed by planning, drafting, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

Grade	Writing
К	With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from <b>adults and</b> peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed.
1	With guidance & support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions & suggestions from <b>adults &amp;</b> peers, & add details to strengthen writing as needed.
2	With guidance and support from adults, and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing.
3	With guidance and support from peers and adults, <b>use a writing process to</b> develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, <b>drafting</b> , revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 3.)
4	With guidance and support from peers and adults, use a writing process to develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, drafting, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 4.)
5	With guidance and support from peers and adults, <b>use a writing process to</b> develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, <b>drafting</b> , revising, and editing, rewriting or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 5.)
6	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, <b>use a writing process to</b> develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, <b>drafting</b> , revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 6.)
7	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, <b>use a writing process to</b> develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, <b>drafting</b> , revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 7.)
8	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, <b>use a writing process to</b> develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, <b>drafting</b> , revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 8.)
9-10	Use a writing process to develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, drafting, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grades 9–10.)
11-12	<b>Use a writing process to</b> develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, <b>drafting</b> , revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grades 11–12.)

Use technology, including the Internet, to produce & publish writing & to interact & collaborate with others.

Grade	Writing
K	With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.
1	With guidance & support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce & publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.
2	With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.
3	With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
4	With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and
	collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.
5	With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and
	collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting.
6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient
	command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting.
7	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others,
	including linking to and citing sources.
8	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as
	well as to interact and collaborate with others.
9-10	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's
	capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.
11-12	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback,
	including new arguments or information.

Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

Grade	Writing
K	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them).
1	Participate in shared research & writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic & use them to write a sequence of instructions).
2	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).
3	Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic.
4	Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.
5	Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.
6	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.
7	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.
8	Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.
9-10	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
11-12	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

Gather relevant information from multiple print & digital sources, assess the credibility & accuracy of each source, & integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.

Grade	Writing
K	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
1	With guidance & support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
2	Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
3	Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into
	provided categories.
4	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information,
	and provide a list of sources.
5	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in
	notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources.
6	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and
	conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.
7	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each
	source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
8	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each
	source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
9-10	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each
	source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and
	following a standard format for citation.
11-12	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and
	limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas,
	avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, & research.

Grade	Writing
K	(Begins in grade 4)
1	(Begins in grade 4)
2	(Begins in grade 4)
3	(Begins in grade 4)
4	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
	a. Apply grade 4 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific
	details in the text [e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions].").
	b. Apply grade 4 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a
	text").
5	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
	a. Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama,
	drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters interact]").
	b. Apply grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a
	text,
	c. Identifying which reasons and evidence support which point[s]").
6	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
	a. Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres including those by and about
	Minnesota American Indians [e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories] in terms of their approaches to similar themes and
	topics").
	b. Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims
	that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not").
7	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
	a. Apply grade 7 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal, including those in stories, poems, and historical
	novels of Minnesota American Indians, of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding
	how authors of fiction use or alter history").
	b. Apply grade 7 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether
	the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims").

8	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
	a. Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character
	types from myths, traditional stories, including stories, poems, and historical novels of Minnesota American Indians, or religious works such as
	the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new").
	b. Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing
	whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced").
9-10	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
	a. Apply grades 9–10 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work
	[e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare]").
	b. Apply grades 9–10 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing
	whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning").
11-12	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
	a. Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century
	foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics").
	b. Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the
	application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the
	premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]").

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, & revision) & shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, & audiences.

Grade	Writing
K	(Begins in grade 3)
1	(Begins in grade 3)
2	(Begins in grade 3)
3	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a
	range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
	a. Independently select writing topics and formats for personal enjoyment, interest, and academic tasks.
4	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a
	range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
	a. Independently select writing topics and formats for personal, enjoyment interest, and academic tasks.
5	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a
	range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
	a. Independently select writing topics and formats for personal, enjoyment interest, and academic tasks.
6	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a
	range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
	a. Independently select writing topics and formats for personal enjoyment, interest, and academic tasks.
7	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for
	a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
	a. Independently select writing topics and formats for personal enjoyment, interest, and academic tasks.
8	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a
	range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
	a. Independently select writing topics and formats for personal enjoyment, interest, and academic tasks.
9-10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a
	range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
	a. Independently select writing topics and formats for personal enjoyment, interest, and academic tasks.
11-12	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a
	range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
	a. Independently select writing topics and formats for personal enjoyment, interest, and academic tasks.

Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaboration with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

Grade	Speaking, Viewing, Listening, Media Literacy
K	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
	a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).
	b. Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.
	c. Listen to others and name emotions by observing facial expression and other nonverbal cues.
	d. Follow basic oral directions.
1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>grade 1 topics &amp; texts</i> with peers & adults in small & larger groups.
	a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics & texts under discussion).
	b. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.
	c. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics & texts under discussion.
	d. Listen to others' ideas & identify others' points of view.
	e. Follow two-step oral directions.
2	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>grade 2 topics and texts</i> with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
	a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and
	texts under discussion).
	b. Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others.
	c. Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.
	d. Cooperate for productive group discussion.
	e. Follow two- and three-step oral directions.
3	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 3 topics and texts, building on
	others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
	a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to
	explore ideas under discussion.
	b. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and
	texts under discussion).
	c. Ask questions to check understanding of information presented, stay on topic, and link their comments to the remarks of others.
	d. Explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.
	e. Cooperate and compromise as appropriate for productive group discussion.
	f. Follow multi-step oral directions.

Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 4 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion. b. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles. c. Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make comments that contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others. d. Review the key ideas expressed and explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion. Cooperate and problem solve as appropriate for productive group discussion. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on 5 others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion. b. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles. c. Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others. d. Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions. e. Cooperate and problem solve as appropriate for productive group discussion. 6 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. b. Follow rules for collegial discussions, set specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion. d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing. e. Cooperate, mediate, and problem solve to make decisions as appropriate for productive group discussion. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. b. Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. c. Pose guestions that elicit elaboration and respond to others' guestions and comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed. d. Acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views. e. Cooperate, mediate, and problem solve to make decisions as appropriate for productive group discussion.

8	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 8 topics, texts, and issues</i> , building
	on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
	a. Come to discussions prepared having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.
	b. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
	c. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.
	d. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.
	e. Cooperate, mediate, and problem solve to make decisions or build consensus as appropriate for productive group discussion.
9-10	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics,
	texts, and issues, including those by and about Minnesota American Indians, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
	a. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and
	other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	b. Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views),
	clear goals and deadlines, and individual roles as needed.
	c. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others
	into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.
	d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and
	understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented.
11-12	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11–12 topics,
	texts, and issues, including those by and about Minnesota American Indians, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
	a. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and
	other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	b. Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.
	c. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or
	issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.
	d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible;
	and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.

Integrate & evaluate information presented in diverse media & formats, including visually, quantitatively, & orally.

Grade	Speaking, Viewing, Listening, Media Literacy
K	Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media (e.g., poems, rhymes, songs) by asking and
	answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.
1	Ask & answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media (e.g., stories, poems, rhymes,
	songs).
2	Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
3	Determine the main ideas and supporting details of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually,
	quantitatively, and orally.
4	Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
5	Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
6	Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or
	issue under study.
7	Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the
	ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.
8	Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g.,
	social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.
9-10	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and
	accuracy of each source.
11-12	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed
	decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.

Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, & use of evidence & rhetoric.

Speaking, Viewing, Listening, Media Literacy
Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.
Ask & answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.
Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a
topic or issues.
Ask and answer questions about information from a speaker, offering appropriate elaboration and detail.
Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker provides to support particular points.
Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence distinguishing between a speaker's
opinions and verifiable facts.
Delineate a speaker's argument, specific claims, and intended audience, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from
claims that are not.
Delineate a speaker's argument, specific claims, and intended audience, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and
sufficiency of the evidence.
Delineate and respond to a speaker's argument, specific claim, and intended audience, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance
and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, intended audience, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or
exaggerated or distorted evidence.
Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, <b>intended audience</b> , and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among
ideas, word choice points of emphasis, and tone used.

Present information, findings, & supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning & the organization, development, & style are appropriate to task, purpose, & audience.

Grade	Speaking, Viewing, Listening, Media Literacy
K	Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.
1	Describe people, places, things, & events with relevant details, expressing ideas & feelings clearly.
2	Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, avoid plagiarism by identifying sources, and speak audibly in coherent sentences.
3	Report on a topic or text and avoid plagiarism by identifying sources, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace.
4	Report on a topic or text and avoid plagiarism by identifying sources, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.
5	Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; avoid plagiarism by identifying sources; speak clearly at an understandable pace.
6	Present claims and findings, respect intellectual properties, sequence ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
7	Present claims and findings, respect intellectual properties, emphasize salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details, and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
8	Present claims and findings, respect intellectual properties, emphasize salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
9-10	While respecting intellectual property, present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task (e.g., persuasion, argumentation, debate).
11-12	While respecting intellectual property, present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks (e.g., persuasion, argumentation, debate).

Make strategic use of digital media & visual displays of data to express information & enhance understanding of presentations.

Grade	Speaking, Viewing, Listening, Media Literacy
K	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.
1	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, & feelings.
2	Create audio recordings of stories or poems; add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.
3	Create engaging audio recordings of stories or poems that demonstrate fluid reading at an understandable pace; add visual displays when appropriate to emphasize or enhance certain facts or details.
4	Add audio recordings and visual displays to presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.
5	Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, sound) and visual displays in presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.
6	Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.
7	Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points.
8	Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.
9-10	Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.
11-12	Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.

### MINNESOTA ACADEMIC STANDARDS: Anchor Standard - Speaking, Viewing, Listening, Media Literacy 6

Adapt speech to a variety of contexts & communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Grade	Speaking, Viewing, Listening, Media Literacy
K	Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly, and respond to poems, rhymes, and songs.
1	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task & situation, & respond to stories, poems, rhymes & songs with expression. (See grade 1
	Language standards for specific expectations.)
2	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification. (See grade 2 Language
	standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)
3	Speak in complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification. (See grade 3 Language
	standards 1 and 3.)
4	Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-
	group discussion); use formal English when appropriate to task and situation. (See grade 4 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)
5	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to task and situation. (See grade 5 Language standards 1 and
	3 for specific expectations.)
6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts, audiences, tasks, and feedback from self and others, demonstrating command of formal English when
	indicated or appropriate. (See grade 6 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)
7	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts, audiences, tasks, and feedback from self and others, demonstrating command of formal English when
	indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)
8	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts, audiences, tasks, and feedback from self and others, demonstrating command of formal English when
	indicated or appropriate. (See grade 8 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)
9-10	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts, audiences, tasks, and feedback from self and others, demonstrating command of formal English when
	indicated or appropriate. (See grades 9–10 Language standards 1 and 3 on pages 75 for specific expectations.)
	a. Apply assessment criteria to evaluate oral presentations by self and others.
11-12	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts, <b>audiences</b> , tasks, and feedback from self and others, demonstrating a command of formal English when
	indicated or appropriate. (See grades 11–12 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 75 for specific expectations.)
	a. Apply assessment criteria to evaluate oral presentations by self and others.

### MINNESOTA ACADEMIC STANDARDS: Anchor Standard - Speaking, Viewing, Listening, Media Literacy 7

# Critically analyze information found in electronic, print, & mass media & use a variety of these sources.

Grade	Speaking, Viewing, Listening, Media Literacy
K	Distinguish among different types of print, digital, and multimodal media.
	a. Recognize common signs and logos.
	b. Identify commercials or advertisements.
1	Distinguish among & understand purposes of different types of print, digital, & multimodal media.
	a. Demonstrate understanding of media by asking & answering appropriate questions about what is read, heard or viewed.
	b. Summarize ideas from media in own words.
2	Distinguish, understand, and use different types of print, digital, and multimodal media.
	a. Use tools for locating print and electronic materials appropriate to the purpose.
3	Distinguish among, understand, and use different types of print, digital, and multimodal media.
	a. Make informed judgments about messages promoted in the mass media (e.g., film, television, radio, magazines, advertisements, newspapers).
	b. Locate and use information in print, non-print, and digital resources, and identify reasons for choosing information used.
	c. Check for accuracy in pictures and images.
	d. Recognize safe practices in personal media communications.
4	Distinguish among, understand, and use different types of print, digital, and multimodal media.
	a. Make informed judgments about messages promoted in the mass media (e.g., film, television, radio, magazines, advertisements, newspapers).
	b. Locate and use information in print, non-print, and digital resources using a variety of strategies.
	c. Check for accuracy of information between two different sources.
	d. Recognize safe practices in social and personal media communications.
5	Distinguish among, understand, and use different types of print, digital, and multimodal media.
	a. Make informed judgments about messages promoted in the mass media (e.g., film, television, radio, magazines, advertisements, newspapers).
	b. Locate and use information in print, non-print, and digital resources using a variety of strategies.
	c. Evaluate the accuracy and credibility of information found in digital sources.
	d. Recognize ethical standards and safe practices in social and personal media communications.
6	Understand, analyze, and use different types of print, digital, and multimodal media.
	a. Evaluate mass media with regard to quality of production (e.g., film, television, radio, advertisements).
	b. Evaluate mass media with regard to accuracy of information, bias, stereotype, purpose, message and target audience (e.g., film, television, radio,
	video games, print and digital media, advertisements).
	c. Recognize ethical standards and safe practices in social and personal media communications.

7	Understand, analyze, and use different types of print, digital, and multimodal media.
	a. Evaluate mass media with regard to quality of production, accuracy of information, bias, stereotype, purpose, message and target audience (e.g.,
	film, television, radio, video games, and advertisements).
	b. Analyze the messages and points of view employed in different media (e.g., advertising, news programs, websites, video games, blogs,
	documentaries).
	c. Recognize ethical standards and safe practices in social and personal media communications.
8	Understand, analyze, and use different types of print, digital, and multimodal media.
	a. Evaluate mass media with regard to quality of production, accuracy of information, bias, stereotype, purpose, message and target audience (e.g.,
	film, television, radio, video games, advertisements).
	b. Critically analyze the messages and points of view employed in different media (e.g., advertising, news programs, websites, video games, blogs,
	documentaries).
	c. Analyze design elements of various kinds of media productions to observe that media messages are constructed for a specific purpose.
	d. Recognize ethical standards and safe practices in social and personal media communications.
9-10	Understand, analyze, evaluate, and use different types of print, digital, and multimodal media.
	a. Evaluate the content and effect of persuasive techniques used in different mass media.
	b. Synthesize information and recognize categories, trends, and themes across multiple sources.
	c. Demonstrate an understanding of ethics in mass communication and describe the characteristics of ethical and unethical behavior.
	d. Recognize ethical standards and safe practices in social and personal media communications, and understand the consequences of personal choices.
11-12	Understand, analyze, evaluate, and use different types of print, digital, and multimodal media.
	a. Evaluate the aural, visual, and written images and other special effects used in mass media for their ability to inform, persuade, and entertain.
	b. Examine the intersections and conflicts between visual (e.g., media images, painting, film, graphic arts) and verbal messages.
	c. Recognize how visual techniques or design elements (e.g., special effects, camera angles) carry or influence messages in various media.
	d. Recognize ethical standards and safe practices in social and personal media communications, and understand the consequences of personal
	choices.

### MINNESOTA ACADEMIC STANDARDS: Anchor Standard - Speaking, Viewing, Listening, Media Literacy 8

Communicate using traditional or digital multimedia formats & digital writing & publishing for a specific purpose.

Grade	Speaking, Viewing, Listening, Media Literacy
K	With prompting and support, create an individual or shared multimedia work for a specific purpose (e.g., to share lived or imagined experiences, to
	present information, to entertain, or as artistic expression.
1	With prompting & support, create & share an individual or shared multimedia work for a specific purpose (e.g., to share lived or imagined experiences,
	to present information, to entertain, or as artistic expression.)
2	With prompting and support, create an individual or shared multimedia work for a specific purpose (e.g., to create or integrate knowledge, to share
	experiences or information, to persuade, to entertain, or as artistic expression.)
	a. With prompting and support, critique each found image under consideration for use in a multimedia project for its appropriateness to purpose, its
	effectiveness in conveying the message, and its effect on the intended audience and justify its use in the project.
	b. Share the work with an audience.
3	With prompting and support, create an individual or shared multimedia work for a specific purpose (e.g., to create or integrate knowledge, to share
	experiences or information, to persuade, to entertain, or as artistic expression.)
	a. With prompting and support, critique each found image under consideration for use in a multimedia project for its appropriateness to purpose, its
	effectiveness in conveying the message, and its effect on the intended audience and justify its use in the project.
	b. Share the work with an audience.
4	Create an individual or shared multimedia work for a specific purpose (e.g., to create or integrate knowledge, to share experiences or information, to
	persuade, to entertain, or as artistic expression.)
	a. Evaluate the Fair Use of each visual element or piece of music used in a media work and create a list documenting the source for each found image
	or piece of music.
	b. Publish the work and share it with an audience.
5	Create an individual or shared multimedia work or digital text for a specific purpose (e.g., to create or integrate knowledge, to share experiences or
	information, to persuade, to entertain, or as artistic expression.)
	a. Evaluate the Fair Use of each visual element or piece of music used in a media work and create a list documenting the source for each found image
	or piece of music.
	b. Publish the work and share it with an audience
6	As an individual or in collaboration, create an informative multimedia work or a piece of digital communication or contribute to an online collaboration
	for a specific purpose.
	a. Demonstrate a developmentally appropriate understanding of copyright, attribution, principles of Fair Use, Creative Commons licenses and the
	effect of genre on conventions of attribution and citation.
	enect of genie on conventions of attribution and citation.

b. Publish the work and share with an audience.

7	As an individual or in collaboration, create an artistic or entertaining multimedia work or a piece of digital communication or contribute to an online
	collaboration for a specific purpose.
	a. Demonstrate a developmentally appropriate understanding of copyright, attribution, principles of Fair Use, Creative Commons licenses and the
	effect of genre on conventions of attribution and citation.
	b. Publish the work and share with an audience.
8	As an individual or in collaboration, create a persuasive multimedia work or a piece of digital communication or contribute to an online collaboration for
	a specific purpose.
	a. Demonstrate a developmentally appropriate understanding of copyright, attribution, principles of Fair Use, Creative Commons licenses and the
	effect of genre on conventions of attribution and citation.
	b. Publish the work and share with an audience.
9-10	As an individual or in collaboration, create a multimedia work, a remix of original work and the work of others, or a piece of digital communication for a
	specific purpose (e.g., to interpret or respond to a piece of literature, to represent thematic similarities between two literary works, to interact or
	collaborate globally, to critique a current event or social issue.)
	a. Present, transform, or remix content in an ethical manner, demonstrating an understanding of copyright, attribution, citation, the principles of Fair
	Use, and of the different types of Creative Commons licenses.
	b. Publish the work and share with an audience.
11-12	As an individual or in collaboration, create a multimedia work, a remix of original work and the work of others, or a piece of digital communication for a
	specific purpose (e.g., to connect literature to a culture or a literary period, to recast a piece of literature into a different time period or culture, to
	critique popular culture, to create a parody or satire).
	a. Present, transform or remix content in an ethical manner, demonstrating an understanding of copyright, attribution, citation, the principles of Fair
	Use, and the different types of Creative Commons licenses.
	b. Publish the work and share with an audience.
	D. PUDIISII LIIE WOLK AND SHAFE WITH AN AUDIENCE.

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar & usage when writing or speaking.

Grade	Language
K	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
	a. Print many upper- and lowercase letters.
	b. Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs.
	c. Form regular plural nouns orally by adding /s/ or /es/ (e.g., dog, dogs; wish, wishes).
	d. Understand and use question words (interrogatives) (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
	e. Use the most frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., to, from, in, out, on, off, for, of, by, with).
	f. Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities.
1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar & usage when writing or speaking.
	a. Print all upper- & lowercase letters.
	b. Use common, proper & possessive nouns.
	c. Use singular & plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences (e.g. He hops; We hop)
	d. Use personal, possessive, & indefinite pronouns (e.g., I, me, my; they, them, their; anyone, everything).
	e. Use verbs to convey a sense of past, present & future (e.g. Yesterday I walked home; Today I walk home; Tomorrow I will walk home.)
	f. Use frequently occurring adjectives.
	g. Use frequently occurring conjunctions (e.g. and, but, or, so, because)
	h. Use determiners (e.g., articles, demonstratives)
	i. Use frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., during, beyond, toward)
	j. Produce & expand complete, simple & compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, & exclamatory sentences in response to prompts.
2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
	a. Use collective nouns (e.g., group).
	b. Form and use frequently occurring irregular plural nouns (e.g., feet, children, teeth, mice, fish).
	c. Use reflexive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).
	d. Form and use the past tense of frequently occurring irregular verbs (e.g., sat, hid, told).
	e. Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.
	f. Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie;
	The action movie was watched by the little boy).

	in conventional language.
	e. Recognize variations from standard English in their own and others' writing and speaking, and identify and use strategies to improve expression
	d. Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).
	c. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.
	b. Use intensive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).
	a. Ensure that pronouns are in the proper case (subjective, objective, possessive).
6	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
	e. Use correlative conjunctions (e.g., either/or, neither/nor).
	d. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb tense.
	c. Use verb tense to convey various times, sequences, states, and conditions.
	b. Form and use the perfect (e.g., I had walked; I have walked; I will have walked) verb tenses.
	a. Explain the function of conjunctions, prepositions, and interjections in general and their function in particular sentences.
5	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
	g. Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., to, too, two; there, their).
	f. Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.
	e. Form and use prepositional phrases.
	d. Order adjectives within sentences according to conventional patterns (e.g., a small red bag rather than a red small bag).
	c. Use modal auxiliaries (e.g., can, may, must) to convey various conditions.
	b. Form and use the progressive (e.g., I was walking; I am walking; I will be walking) verb tenses.
	a. Use relative pronouns (who, whose, whom, which, that) and relative adverbs (where, when, why).
4	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
	i. Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.
	h. Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions.
	g. Form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.
	f. Ensure subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement.
	e. Form and use the simple (e.g., I walked; I walk; I will walk) verb tenses.
	d. Form and use regular and irregular verbs.
	c. Use abstract nouns (e.g., childhood).
	b. Form and use regular and irregular plural nouns.
3	a. Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.
3	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
a. Explain the function of phrases and clauses in general and their function in specific sentences.
b. Choose among simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex sentences to signal differing relationships among ideas.
c. Place phrases and clauses within a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced and dangling modifiers.
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
a. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences.
b. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.
c. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.
d. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
a. Use parallel structure.
b. Use various types of phrases (noun, verb, adjectival, adverbial, participial, prepositional, absolute) and clauses (independent, dependent; noun,
relative, adverbial) to convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing or presentations.
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
a. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.
b. Resolve issues of complex or contested usage, consulting references (e.g., Merriam-Webster's Dictionary of English Usage, Garner's Modern
American Usage) as needed.

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, & spelling when writing.

Grade	Language
K	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
	a. Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun <i>I</i> .
	b. Recognize and name end punctuation.
	c. Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes).
	d. Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships.
1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, & spelling when writing.
	a. Capitalize dates & names of people.
	b. Use end punctuation for sentences.
	c. Use commas in dates & to separate single words in a series.
	d. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns & for frequently occurring irregular words.
	e. Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness & spelling conventions.
2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
	a. Capitalize holidays, product names, and geographic names.
	b. Use commas in greetings and closings of letters.
	c. Use an apostrophe to form contractions and frequently occurring possessives.
	d. Generalize learned spelling patterns when writing words (e.g., $cage \rightarrow badge$ ; $boy \rightarrow boil$ ).
	e. Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.
3	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
	a. Capitalize appropriate words in titles.
	b. Use commas in addresses.
	c. Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue.
	d. Form and use possessives.
	e. Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness).
	f. Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing
	words.
	g. Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.
4	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
	a. Use correct capitalization.
	b. Use comma and quotation marks to mark direct speech and quotations from a text.
	c. Use a comma before a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence.
	d. Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.  a. Use punctuation to separate items in a series.  b. Use a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence.  c. Use a comma to set off the words yes and no (e.g., Yes, thank you), to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence (e.g., It's true, isn't it?), at to indicate direct address (e.g., Is that you, Steve?).  d. Use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles of works.  e. Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.  6 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.  a. Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.  b. Spell correctly.  7 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.  a. Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (e.g., It was a fascinating, enjoyable movie but not He wore an old[,] green shirt).  b. Spell correctly.  8 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	nd
<ul> <li>b. Use a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence.</li> <li>c. Use a comma to set off the words yes and no (e.g., Yes, thank you), to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence (e.g., It's true, isn't it?), a to indicate direct address (e.g., Is that you, Steve?).</li> <li>d. Use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles of works.</li> <li>e. Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.</li> <li>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</li> <li>a. Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.</li> <li>b. Spell correctly.</li> <li>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</li> <li>a. Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (e.g., It was a fascinating, enjoyable movie but not He wore an old[,] green shirt).</li> <li>b. Spell correctly.</li> <li>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</li> </ul>	nd
<ul> <li>c. Use a comma to set off the words yes and no (e.g., Yes, thank you), to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence (e.g., It's true, isn't it?), a to indicate direct address (e.g., Is that you, Steve?).</li> <li>d. Use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles of works.</li> <li>e. Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.</li> <li>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</li> <li>a. Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.</li> <li>b. Spell correctly.</li> <li>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</li> <li>a. Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (e.g., It was a fascinating, enjoyable movie but not He wore an old[,] green shirt).</li> <li>b. Spell correctly.</li> <li>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</li> </ul>	nd
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<ul> <li>d. Use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles of works.</li> <li>e. Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.</li> <li>6 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</li> <li>a. Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.</li> <li>b. Spell correctly.</li> <li>7 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</li> <li>a. Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (e.g., It was a fascinating, enjoyable movie but not He wore an old[,] green shirt).</li> <li>b. Spell correctly.</li> <li>8 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</li> </ul>	
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Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.  a. Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.  b. Spell correctly.  Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.  a. Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (e.g., It was a fascinating, enjoyable movie but not He wore an old[,] green shirt).  b. Spell correctly.  Bemonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	
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<ul> <li>a. Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (e.g., It was a fascinating, enjoyable movie but not He wore an old[,] green shirt).</li> <li>b. Spell correctly.</li> <li>8 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>b. Spell correctly.</li> <li>8 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</li> </ul>	
8 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	
a Use nunctuation (comma allinois dash) to indicate a nause or break	
a. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.	
b. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.	ļ
c. Spell correctly.	
9-10 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	
a. Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses.	
b. Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation.	
c. Spell correctly.	
11-12 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	
a. Observe hyphenation conventions.	
b. Spell correctly.	

Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, & to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

Language
(Begins in grade 2).
(Begins in grade 2)
Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
a. Compare formal and informal uses of English.
Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
a. Choose words and phrases for effect.
b. Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English.
Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
a. Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.
b. Choose punctuation for effect.
c. Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-
group discussion).
Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
a. Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.
b. Compare and contrast the varieties of English (e.g., dialects, registers) used in stories, dramas, or poems.
Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
a. Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.
b. Maintain consistency in style and tone. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
a. Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.
a. Choose language that expresses liveas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.
Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
a. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the
action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).
Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to
comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
a. Write and edit work so that it conforms to the guidelines in a style manual (e.g., MLA Handbook, Turabian's Manual for Writers) appropriate for the
discipline and writing type.
Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to
comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
a. Vary syntax for effect, consulting references (e.g., Tufte's Artful Sentences) for guidance as needed; apply an understanding of syntax to the study of
<u>(                                    </u>

(	complex texts when reading.

Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown & multiple-meaning words & phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, & consulting general & specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

Grade	Language
K	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content.
	a. Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing duck is a bird and learning the verb to duck).
	b. Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word.
1	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown & multiple-meaning words & phrases based on grade 1 reading & content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.
	a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
	b. Use frequently occurring affixes as a clue to the meaning of a word.
	c. Identify frequently occurring base words & root words (e.g., look) & their inflectional forms (e.g., looks, looked, looking).
2	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grade 2 reading and content</i> , choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.
	a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
	b. Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known prefix is added to a known word (e.g., happy/unhappy, tell/retell).
	c. Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., addition, additional).
	d. Use knowledge of the meaning of individual words to predict the meaning of compound words (e.g., birdhouse, lighthouse, housefly; bookshelf, notebook, bookmark).
	e. Use glossaries and beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases.
3	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on <i>grade 3 reading and content</i> , choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
	a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
	b. Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat).
	c. Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., company, companion).
	d. Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.
4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly
	from a range of strategies.
	a. Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
	b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., telegraph, photograph, autograph).

c. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.

- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on *grade 5 reading and content*, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
  - a. Use context (e.g., cause/effect relationships and comparisons in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
  - b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., photograph, photosynthesis).
  - c. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on *grade 6 reading and content*, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
  - a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
  - b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., audience, auditory, audible).
  - c. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
  - d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
  - Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on *grade 7 reading and content*, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
    - a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
    - b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., belligerent, bellicose, rebel).
    - c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
    - d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
    - Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on *grade 8 reading and content*, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
    - a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
    - b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).
    - c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
    - d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

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9-10	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content, choosing flexibly
	from a range of strategies.
	a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
	b. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., analyze, analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy).
	c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, or its etymology.
	d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
11-12	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing
	flexibly from a range of strategies.
	a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
	b. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable).
	c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.

d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships & nuances in word meanings.

Grade	Language
K	With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings to develop word consciousness.
	a. Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.
	b. Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms).
	c. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful).
	d. Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings.
1	With guidance & support from adults, demonstrate understanding of word relationships & nuances in word meanings to develop word
	consciousness.
	a. Sort words into categories (e.g., colors, clothing) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.
	b. Define words by category & by one or more key attributes (e.g., a <i>duck</i> is a bird that swims; a <i>tiger</i> is a large cat with stripes).
	c. Identify real-life connections between words & their use (e.g., note places at home that are <i>cozy</i> ).
	d. Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs differing in manner (e.g., look, peek, glance, stare, glare, scowl) & adjectives differing in intensity
	(e.g., large, gigantic) by defining or choosing them or by acting out the meanings.
2	Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings to develop word consciousness.
	a. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe foods that are spicy or juicy).
	b. Distinguish shades of meaning among closely related verbs (e.g., toss, throw, hurl) and closely related adjectives (e.g., thin, slender, skinny, scrawny).
3	Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings to develop word consciousness.
	a. Distinguish the literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases in context (e.g., take steps).
	b. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe people who are friendly or helpful).
	c. Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., knew, believed, suspected, heard, wondered).
4	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings to develop word consciousness.
	a. Explain the meaning of simple similes and metaphors (e.g., as pretty as a picture) in context.
	b. Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.
	c. Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (synonyms).
5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings to develop word consciousness.
	a. Interpret figurative language, including similes and metaphors, in context.
	b. Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.
	c. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words.

6	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings to extend word consciousness.  a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., personification) in context.
	b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., cause/effect, part/whole, item/category) to better understand each of the words.
	c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., stingy, scrimping, economical, unwasteful, thrifty).
7	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings to extend word consciousness.  a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g. literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context.
	b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words.
	c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic,
	condescending).
8	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings to extend word consciousness.
	a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.
	b. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.
	c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).
9-10	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
	a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., euphemism, oxymoron) in context and analyze their role in the text.
	b. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.
11-12	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.  a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.
	b. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.

Acquire & use accurately a range of general academic & domain-specific words & phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, & listening at the college & career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary know- ledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.

Grade	Language
K	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts.
1	Use words & phrases acquired through conversations, reading & being read to, & responding to texts, including using frequently occurring
	conjunctions to signal simple relationships (e.g., because).
2	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy).
3	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate conversational, general academic, and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal spatial and temporal relationships (e.g., <i>After dinner that night we went looking for them</i> ).
4	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal preservation).
5	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).
6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
7	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
8	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
9-10	Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
11-12	Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.